Numb. 1353

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Monday November 4. to Thursday November 7. 1678.

At the Court at *Whitehall*, the Second of *November*, 1678. By the Kings most Excellent Majesty, and the Lords of His Majesties most Honourable Privy Council.

HIS Majesty was this day pleased to Declare in Council, That whosoever shall make Discovery of any Officer or Souldier of His Majesties Horse or Foot-Guards, Who, having formerly taken the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy, and the Test, Enjoined by a late Act of Parliament, for Preventing Dangers which may happen from Popish Recusants, Hath since been perverted, or hereafter shall be perverted to the Romish *Religion, or hear Mass; Such Discoverer, upon Information thereof given to his Grace the Duke of* Monmouth *Lord General of His Majesties Forces, shall have a Reward of Twenty pounds for every Officer or Souldier so Discovered as aforesaid. And to the end His Majesties Pleasure herein may be fully known, His Majesty doth Command that this Order be forthwith Printed and Published.*

Vienna, Oct. 23. From *Hungary* we have nothing but bad news, our last Letters told us, that the Rebels had made themselves Masters of the principal Bergh Towns, where the gold and silver Mines are, *viz. Shemnitz, Cremnits, Noizoll*, and *Oldzou*, and that it is to be feared they will make farther progress. On Thursday last the Court went to *Newstadt*, where the Marriage of the Archdutchess *Anne* with the Prince of *Neuburg* will be celebrated on Tuesday next.

Ditto, Octob. 30. The 25th instant the Prince of *Neuburg*'s Marriage was consummated at *Newstadt*, and the two following dayes were taken up with Comedies and Entertainments suitable to the occasion. The News from *Hungary* is very unpleasing, the Rebels growing daily stronger and stronger, and now lately the Inhabitants of the Isle of *Raab* have, it's said, joined with them. And being possessed of the Mines, they begin to coin Money, which on the one side, bears the Figure of the Emperor; and on the other a new device, with these words, *Pro Deo, Patria & Libertate*. There is at present at the Court a Person sent by the Rebels, to beg of the Emperor the restitution of their Laws and Liberties, the free exercise of their Religion, and a general Pardon, in which case they promise to return to their former Obedience and Loyalty.

Dantzick, Octob. 29. The *Polish* Letters tell us, that the *Cossacks* are much enraged against the *Turks*, and that they have taken young *Kmielitsky*, whom the *Turks* had made Governor of their New Conquests in the *Ukraine*, and had sent him Prisoner to *Mosco*. The City of *Gradna* in *Lithuania* is by an accidental Fire burnt down, the Dyet was to have met there, which they must now do at *Wilda*. The *Suedes* Army is on its march; *Paetz*, the General of *Lithuania*, was upon the Borders to have opposed their passage, but not finding himself strong enough, retired.

Hamburgh, Nov. 8. Among the Articles agreed between the Elector of *Brandenburgh* and Count *Coningsmarke*, upon the surrendring of *Straelsond*, one was, that the said Count, as well with the *Suedes* as *Germans* in the service of *Sueden*, and with all their Cannon and Artillery, should be transported to *Schonen*: Now our Letters from *Denmark* tell us, that that King is much dissatisfied hereat, and that he will not permit the said Troops to pass to *Schonen*, seeing they are there to be employed against him. The Bishop of *Osnabrug* is returned home with his Troops, to cover his own Countries, and to hinder any others from taking Winter-quarters in them.

Strasburgh, Nov. 4. The Mareschal *de Crequi* has taken his march towards *Schlestadt*, and has cauled a Bridge to be laid over the *Rhine* near *Brisac*. In the mean time the Deputies that are to treat concerning a Suspension of Arms, are met at *Crosn-Weissenburg*. Monsieur *Monclar* is posted with the Body under his command near *Saverne*. And the Duke of *Lorrain* is decamped from *Offenburg*, and marched to cover *Suabia*.

Francfort, Nov. 5. From *Hungary* they write, that the Rebels threaten to put the *Bergh Towns* into the hands of the *Turks*, unless the Emperor will consent to their demands, which are, Free Exercise of Religion, Restitution of their Estates and Priviledges, and a General Pardon.

Cologne, Nov. 4. We are told from *Strasburgh*, that the Mareschal *de Crequi* having demolished the Forts on the *Rhine*, and burnt the Bridge, was marched with his whole Army to *Schlestadt*, and had caused a Bridge to be laid over the *Rhine* near *Brisac*, for the passage of his Army, intending to march through the *Black Forest*, and to take his Winter-quarters in *Suabia*, which the Duke of *Lorrain* will endeavor to prevent, and to that end was marching in great diligence towards the Mountains, to secure those passages. The Troops of *Lunenburg* and *Osnabrug*, with those of *Munster*, have taken their Winter-quarters in *Westeravia*. The Marquis *de Grana* begins to mend.

Ditto, Nov. 8. From *Alsace* they tell us, that a Cessation of Arms is proposed between the Imperial and French Troops, and that Deputies are appointed on both sides, who are to meet at *Weissenburg*; that hereupon the Mareschal *de Crequi* has altered his resolution of passing the *Rhine*, and is disposing his Troops into Winter-quarters in the *Upper Alsace*, and in *Suntgow*. From *Vienna* they write, that the Marriage between the Prince of *Neuburg*, and the Archdutchess, was consummated at *Neustadt*, but that the rejoycings on that occasion had been somewhat abated, by the ill News from *Hungary*, where the Rebels increase daily in strength. On Friday last at night the *French* took, without any resistance, the Town and Castle of *Oedt*, and put a Garison into it; they have done the like at *Wickraedt*, and, it's believed, they possess themselves of these passages, in order to their